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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/664,948	09/19/2000	Rainer Barth	67190/993896	5237
26646 75	11/14/2005		EXAMINER	
KENYON & KENYON			LESNIEWSKI, VICTOR D	
ONE BROADWAY NEW YORK, NY 10004			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2152	
			DATE MAILED: 11/14/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
09/664,948	BARTH, RAINER		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Victor Lesniewski	2152		

Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Victor Lesniewski	2152				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
THE REPLY FILED 31 October 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.						
<ol> <li>The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:</li> <li>The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection.</li> </ol>						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITI TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropri inally set in the final Offi te of the final rejection, e	ate extension fee ce action; or (2) as even if timely filed,			
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>31 October 2005</u> . A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).  AMENDMENTS						
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because						
(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);						
<ul> <li>(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);</li> <li>(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or</li> </ul>						
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	, .	ected claims.				
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.13		mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).			
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)						
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be al non-allowable claim(s).						
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is protected. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:		ll be entered and an e	explanation of			
Claim(s) rejected:						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE						
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fai	ls to provide a			
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ned.			
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowar	nce because:			
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s).						
13. Other:	$\mathcal{B}$	9				

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BUNJOB JAROENCHONWANIT PRIMARY EXAMINER Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The applicant's arguments are not persuasive.

Concerning the applicant's argument that it would not be obvious in view of Levi to include a table in a controller for a machine too/robot/production machine, it is maintained that the combination of Ghanime and Levi discloses the limitations of claim 1. The applicant appears to be arguing that Levi's table cannot be incorporated into an appropriate combination because Levi sets forth a remote monitoring system that monitors multiple devices. However, the applicant is reminded that the rejection of claim 1 is based on the combination of Ghanime and Levi. Ghanime sets forth an onsite monitor system and it is clear that both Ghanime and Levi are focused on the monitoring of devices. Therefore, the combination of Ghanime and Levi would result in a system that incorporates the onsite monitoring of Ghanime and the table of Levi. The applicant is reminded that one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Concerning the applicant's argument that Levi does not disclose associating individual operating states of a machine tool/robot/production machine with a distribution group, it is maintained that the combination of Ghanime and Levi discloses the limitations of claim 1. The applicant has not discussed the cited portion of Levi in relation to this limitation and therefore has not set forth why he believes the claim differentiates over the reason for rejection. The applicant is again directed to Levi, column 4, lines 31-39.

Concerning the applicant's argument regarding claim 2, it is maintained that Kuwabara's diagnostic information meets the limitation of a file attached to an email. The diagnostic information is not information typed into the email by a user, but is information already stored in the diagnostic data memory (ie. a file).

Thus, claims 1-16 remain rejected as presented in the final action dated 5/6/2005.

BUNJOB JAROENCHONWANIT PRIMARY EXAMINER